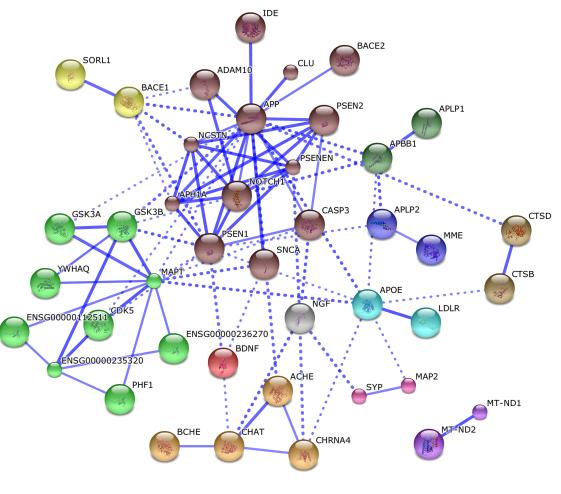
#### Protein association networks with STRING





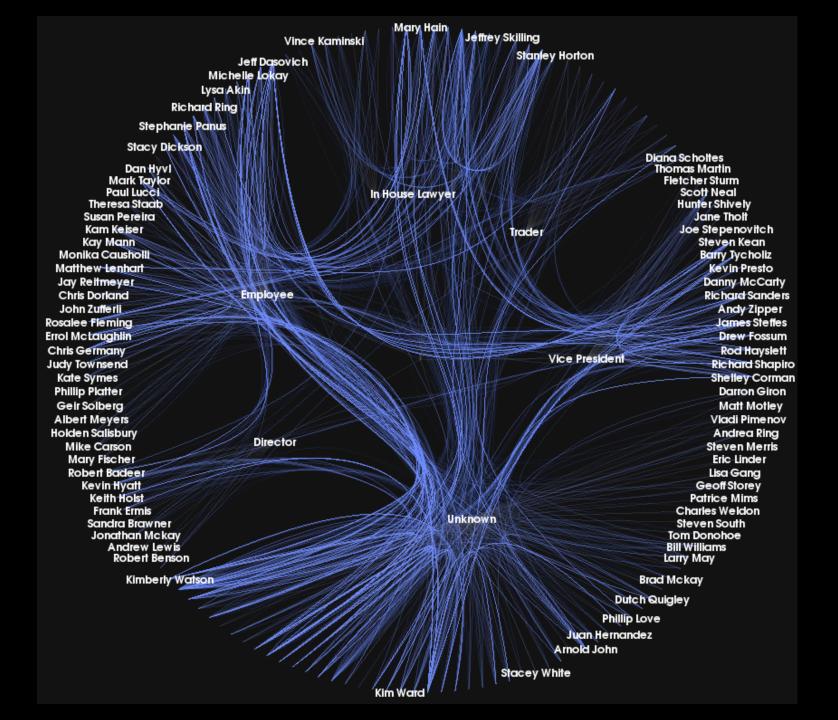
Lars Juhl Jensen



#### interaction networks

#### association networks

# guilt by association



## protein networks

### STRING

## 9.6 million proteins

#### common foundation

# **Exercise 1**

Go to http://string-db.org/

Query for human insulin receptor (INSR) using the *search by name* functionality

Make sure you are in *evidence* view (check the buttons below the network)

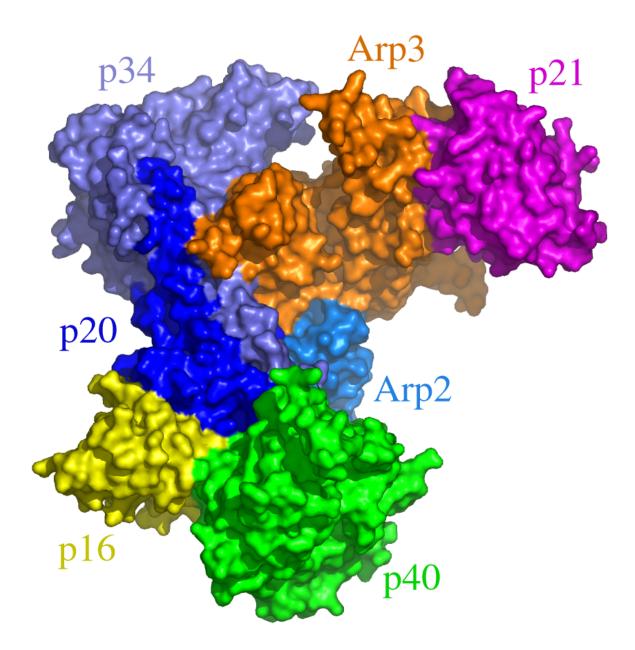
Why are there multiple lines connecting the same to two proteins?

## curated knowledge

(what we know)

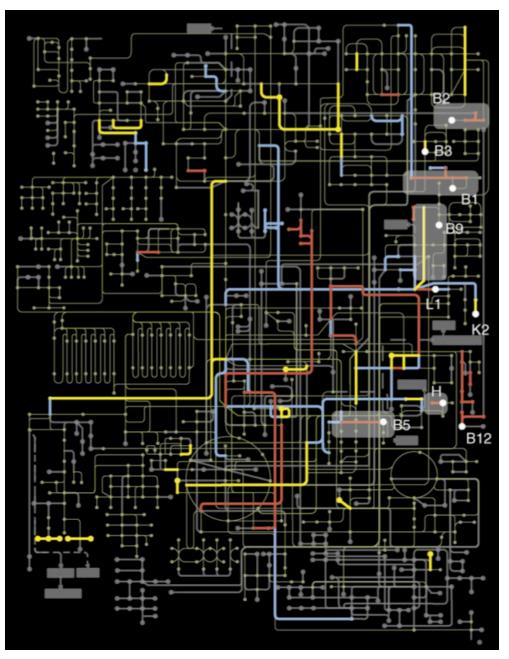
### protein complexes

**3D** structures



pathways

### metabolic pathways



Letunic & Bork, *Trends in Biochemical Sciences*, 2008

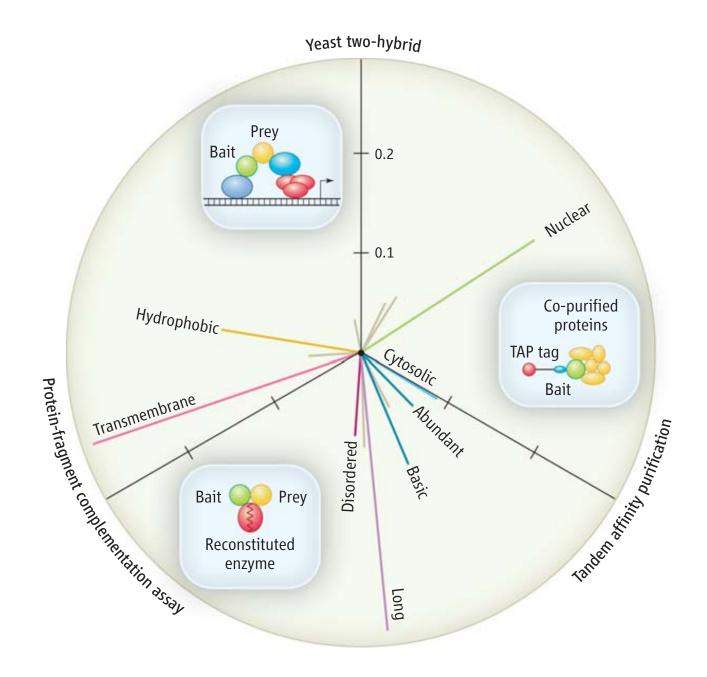
## signaling pathways

very incomplete

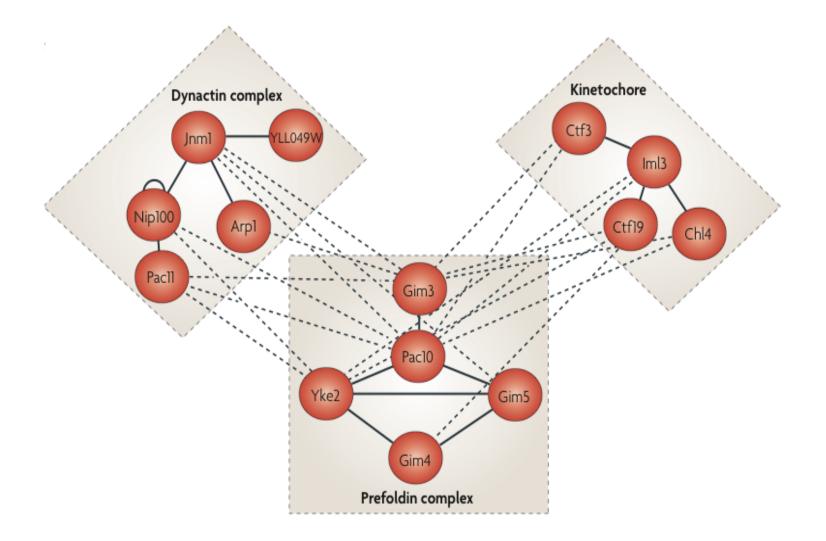
### experimental data

### (what we measured)

## physical interactions



## genetic interactions



Beyer et al., Nature Reviews Genetics, 2007

gene coexpression

# microarrays

## RNAseq

# **Exercise 2**

(Continue from where exercise 1 ended)

Which types of evidence support the interaction between INSR and IRS1?

Click on the interaction to view the popup, which has buttons linking to full details

Which types of experimental assays support the INSR–IRS1 interaction?

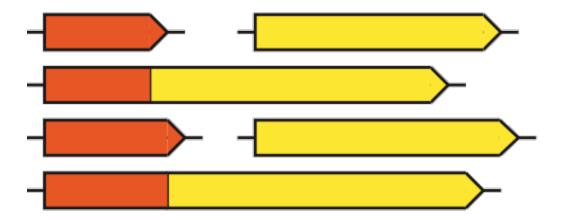
### predictions

## (what we infer)

### genomic context

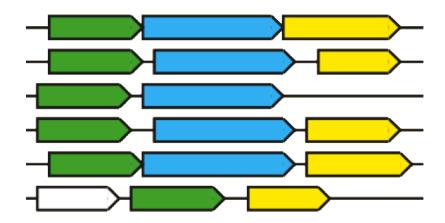
#### evolution

gene fusion



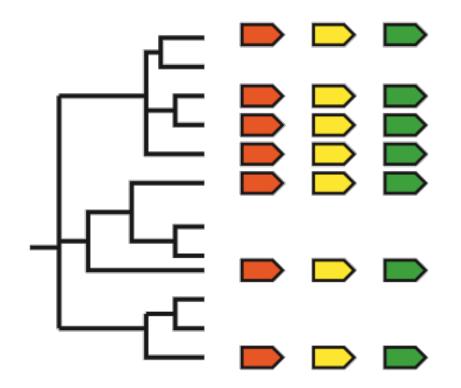
Korbel et al., Nature Biotechnology, 2004

# gene neighborhood



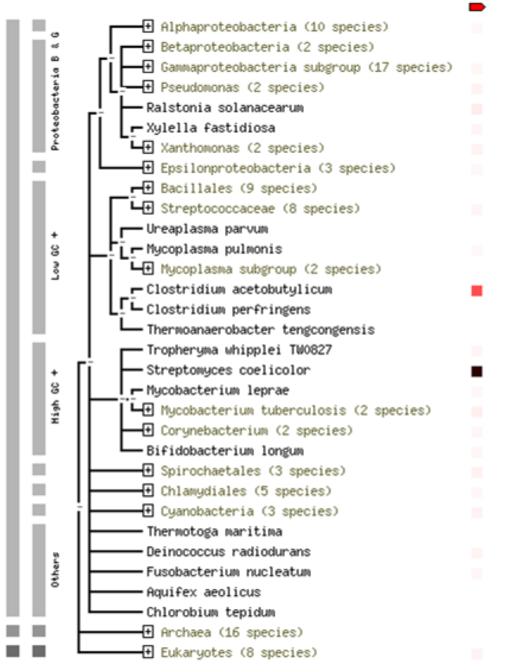
Korbel et al., Nature Biotechnology, 2004

phylogenetic profiles

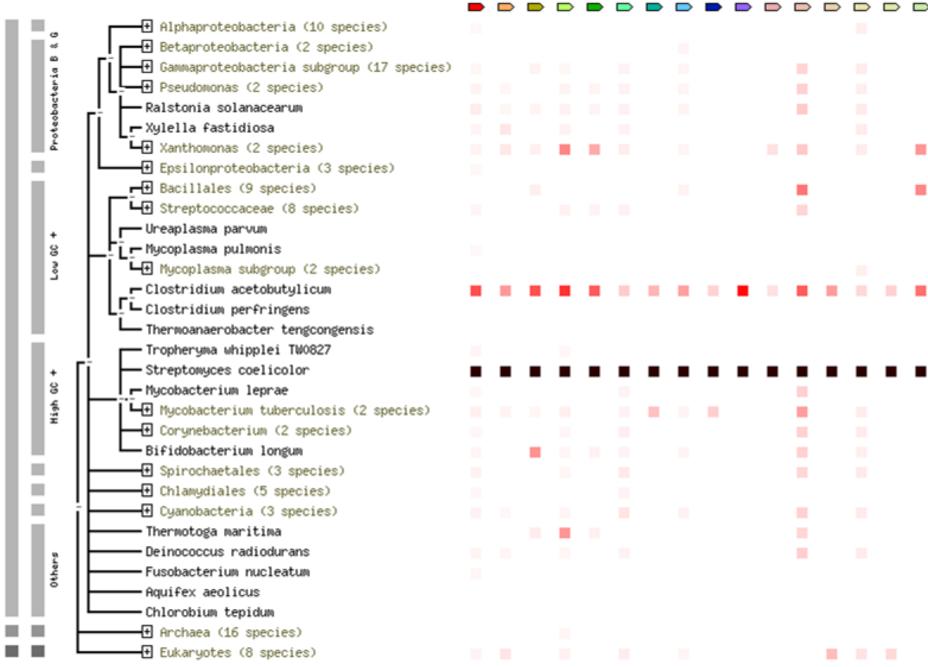


Korbel et al., Nature Biotechnology, 2004

## a real example



Bacteria



Bacteria

Ē

	Putative secreted cellulase (973 aa)
	Putative secreted beta-galactosidase (933 aa)
	Putative secreted arabinosidase (824 aa)
	Putative secreted cellulase (890 aa)
	Secreted endoglucanase (747 aa)
	Putative secreted esterase (706 aa)
	Hypothetical protein SCO4853 (136 aa)
	Putative secreted protease (781 aa)
	Hypothetical protein SCO6611 (186 aa)
	Hypothetical protein SC00396 (424 aa)
	Putative conserved DNA-binding protein (290 aa)
	Putative transcriptional regulator (206 aa)
	Hypothetical protein SCO0964 (143 aa)
	Putative secreted esterase (505 aa)
	Putative secreted protein (213 aa)
$\Box$	Putative ribonuclease inhibitor (89 aa)



#### Cellulosomes

#### Cellulose

complications

many databases

different formats

## different identifiers

variable quality

not comparable

not same species

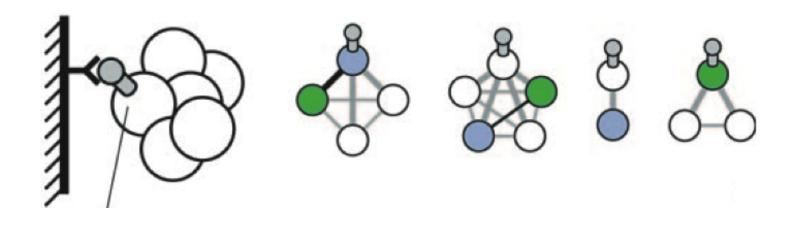
### hard work

#### parsers

mapping files

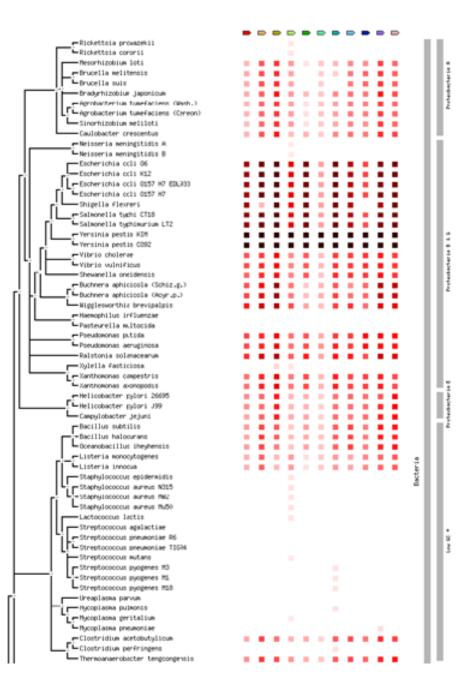
quality scores

# affinity purification



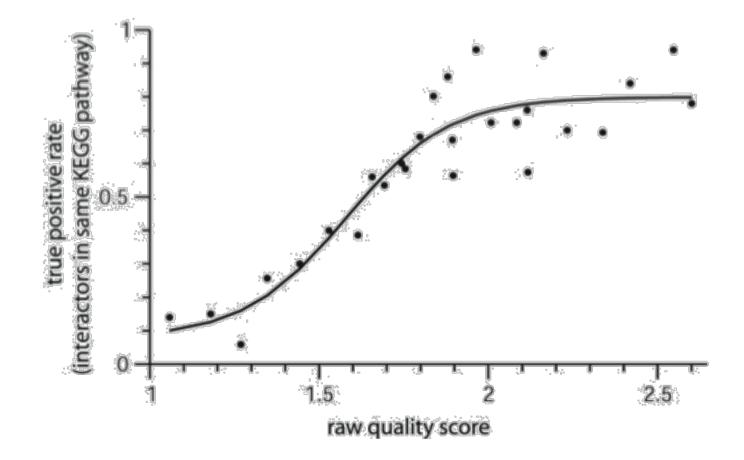
von Mering et al., Nucleic Acids Research, 2005

phylogenetic profiles



#### score calibration

gold standard



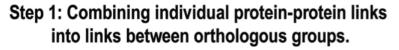
von Mering et al., Nucleic Acids Research, 2005

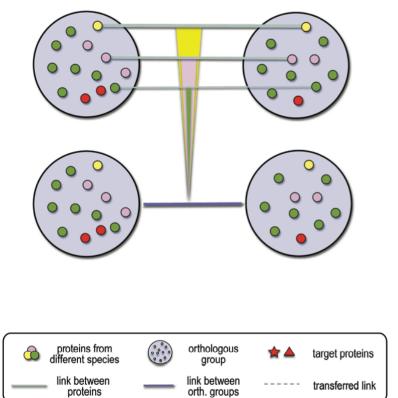
implicit weighting by quality

#### common scale

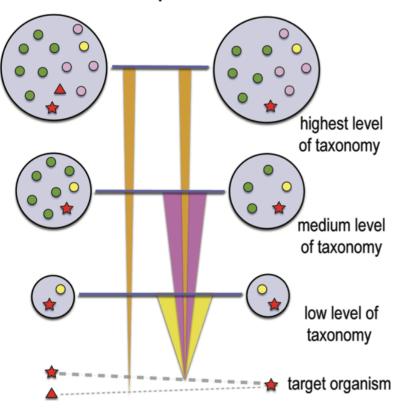
# homology-based transfer

orthologous groups





Step 2: Transferring orthologous group links back to the protein level



missing most of the data

# **Exercise 3**

(Continue from where exercise 2 ended)

Change the network to the confidence view

Change the confidence cutoff to 0.9; any changes in proteins or interactions shown?

Turn off all but *experiments*; what changes?

Increase the number of *interactors shown* to 50; how many proteins do you get? Why?

# text mining

### >10 km



too much to read

# exponential growth

~40 seconds per paper

# named entity recognition

#### comprehensive lexicon

cyclin dependent kinase 1



# orthographic variation

prefixes and suffixes





# "black list"

# SDS

#### information extraction

co-mentioning

# counting

## within documents

within paragraphs

#### within sentences

scoring scheme

 $C_{ij} = \sum \delta_{dijk} w_d + \delta_{pijk} w_p + \delta_{sijk} w_s$ k=1

 $S_{ij} = C^{\alpha}_{ij} \left( \frac{C_{ij} C_{\bullet}}{C_{i\bullet} C_{\bullet j}} \right)^{1-\alpha}$ 

#### score calibration

# Natural Language Processing

part-of-speech tagging

# what you learned in school

pronoun pronoun verb preposition noun

# semantic tagging

# grammatical analysis

Gene and protein names Cue words for entity recognition Verbs for relation extraction

[nxexpr The expression of [nxgene the cytochrome genes [nxpg CYC1 and CYC7]]] is controlled by [nxpg HAP1] type and direction

#### complex sentences

# anaphoric references

## it

#### related resources

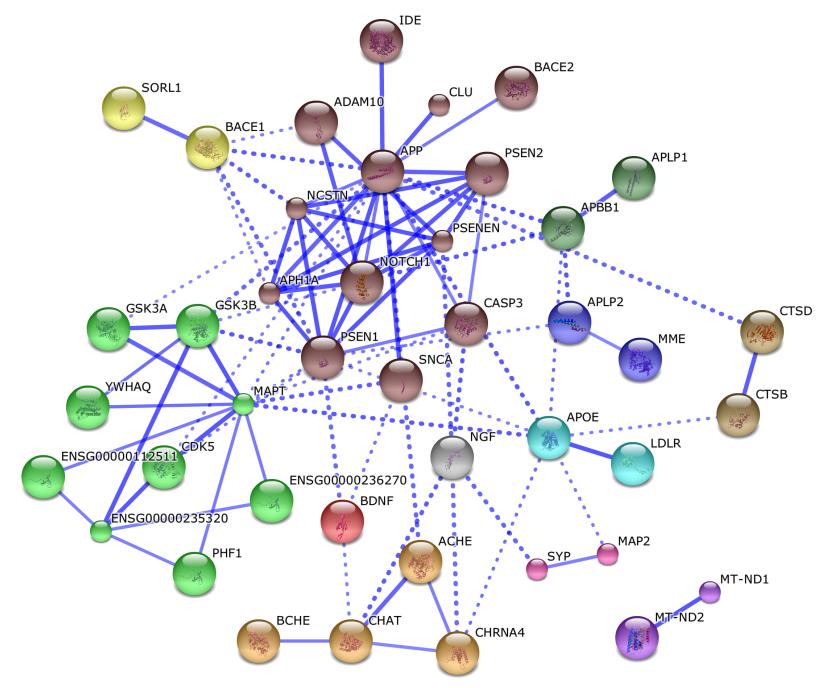
#### association networks

heterogeneous data

## common identifiers

quality scores

# protein networks

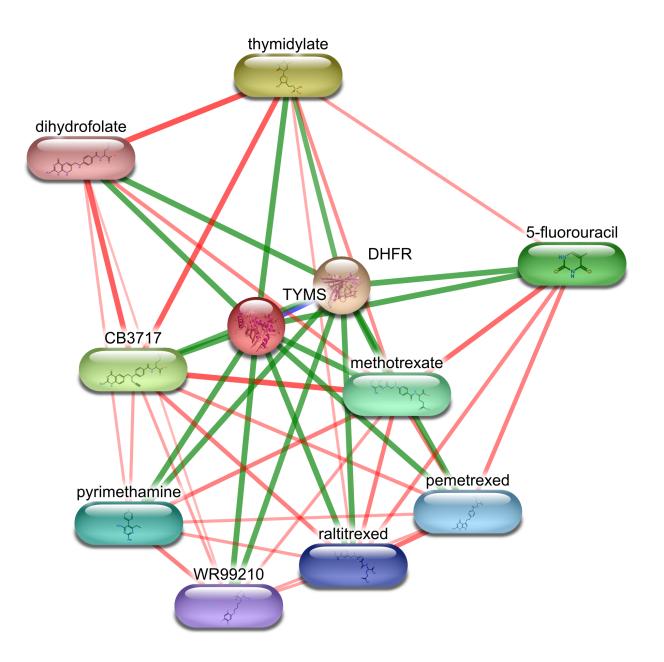


string-db.org

Szklarczyk et al., Nucleic Acids Research, 2015

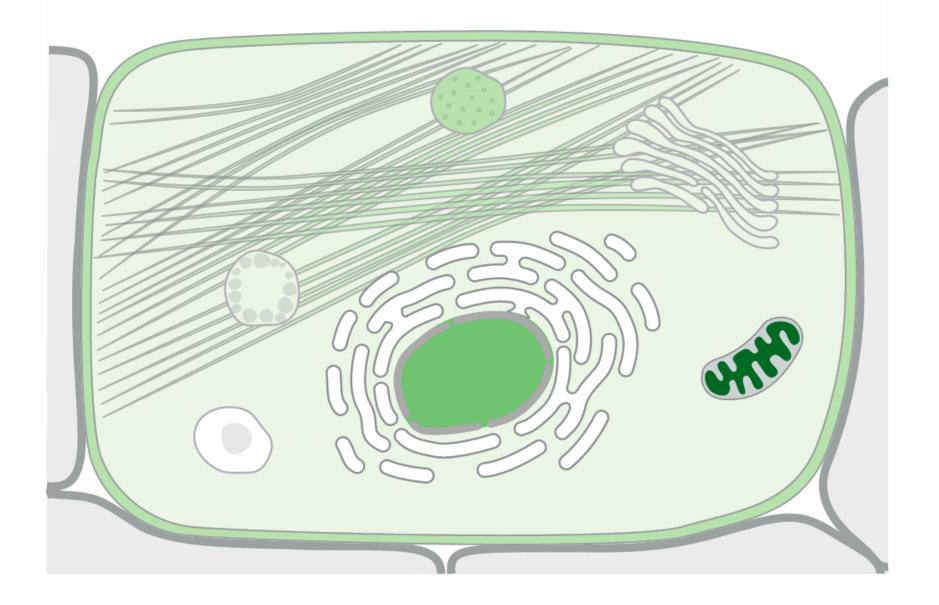
# STITCH

## chemical networks



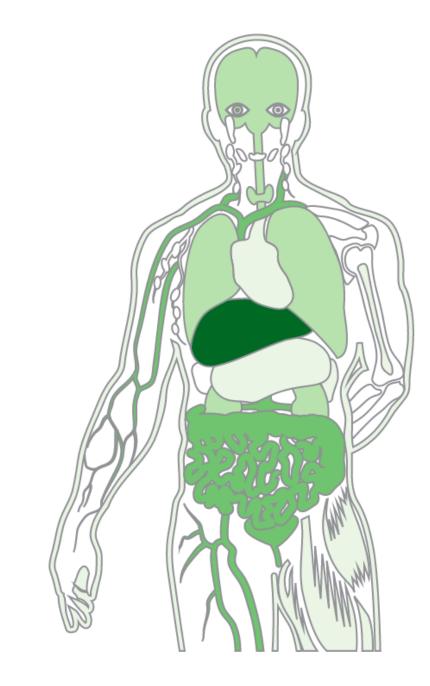
# COMPARTMENTS

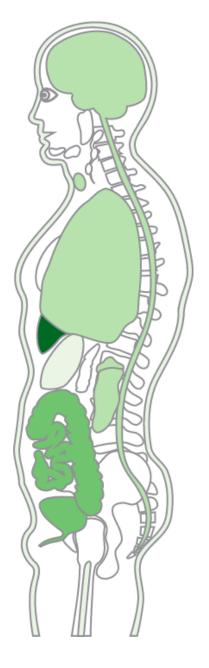
## subcellular localization



TISSUES

tissue expression





Santos et al., PeerJ, 2015

tissues.jensenlab.org

DISEASES

disease associations

#### DISEASES

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Disease-gene associations mined from literature

Downloads

#### Human genes for idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

About

Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis [DOID:0050156]

A idiopathic interstitial pneumonia which is a distinctive type of chronic fibrosing interstitial pneumonia with thick scarring in the lung creating a honeycomb appearance. The main symptoms start insidiously as shortness of breath on exertion, cough, and diminished stamina. Other common complaints include weight loss and fatigue. The level of oxygen in the blood decreases, and the skin may take on a bluish tinge (called cyanosis) and the ends of the fingers may become thick or club-shape. In most people, symptoms worsen over a period ranging from about 6 months to several years.

Synonyms: idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, DOID:0050156, FIBROCYSTIC PULMONARY DYSPLASIA, IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY FIBROSIS, FAMILIAL, cryptogenic fibrosing alveolitis ...

Text mining	Next >	
Name	Z-score	Confidence
TGFB1	4.1	****
SFTPC	3.9	****
MUC1	3.7	****
SFTPD	3.4	****
ELMOD2	3.3	****
FN1	3.2	****
TERT	3.1	****
SFTPA2	3.0	****
MMP7	2.9	****
CTGF	2.9	*****

diseases.jensenlab.org

Frankild et al., Methods, 2015

# **Exercise 4**

Open <u>http://tissues.jensenlab.org</u>

Look up tissue associations for insulin (INS)

Open http://diseases.jensenlab.org

Search for insulin receptor (INSR)

What is the strongest associated disease?

Inspect the underlying text-mining evidence